

MEDEVIL HISTORY

MOCK TEST-3



1. In which of the following relief sculpture inscriptions is 'Ranyo Ashokan' (King Ashoka) mentioned along with the stone portrait of Ashoka?

- (a) Kanganahalli (b) Sanchi
(c) Shahbazgarhi (d) Sohgaura

2. Adhiyars or Bargadars was a term used in the end of eighteenth century for

- (a) village headmen (b) moneylenders
(c) sharecroppers (d) peasants

3. Amar Katha (My Story) is an autobiography of

- (a) Binodini Dass (b) Girish Chandra Ghosh
(c) Govinda R. Mitter (d) Dwarkanath Tagore

4. Who stated the following statement about poverty, "poverty so great and miserable that the life of the people can be depicted or accurately described only as the home of stark want and the dwelling place of bitter woe".

- (a) Pelsaert (b) Bernier
(c) Ibn Battuta (d) Al Baruni

5. Basavanna, a brahmana was a leader of Lingayats was initially a minister in the court of

- (a) Chalukya king (b) Rashtrakuta king
(c) Vijayanagara king (d) None of the above.

6. Which mosque in Srinagar is often regarded as the 'jewel in the crown' ?

- (a) Atiya Mosque
(b) The Shah Hamdan Mosque
(c) The Dargah of Shaikh Bahaudin Auliya
(d) None Of the above

7. Which of the following statements is/are not correct about the Akbar's reign?

- (a) Polaj is a land annually cultivated for each crop in succession and is never allowed to lie fallow.
(b) Parauti is land left out of cultivation for a time that it may recover its strength.
(c) Chachar is a land that has not been used for cultivation till now.
(d) Banjar is a land uncultivated for more than five years.

8. Who was considered as one of the finest calligraphers at the Akbar's court and was honoured with the title "zarrin qalam"?

- (a) Abul Fazal (b) Mohd. Husayun
(c) Abdul Qadir Badauni (d) Mohd. Waris

9. Nishada is a category which included the people having a profession of

- (a) farming
(b) hunting and gathering
(c) painting
(d) making announcements in the town on behalf of king.

10. Who funded the museum as well as the guest house for John Marshall that was built in Sanchi?

- (a) Nusrat Jehan Begum (b) Sigala
(c) Ajita Kesakamblin (d) Sultan Jehan Begum

11. 'Jins-i-Kamil' was a term used by the Mughals for

- a) irrigation projects b) peasants
c) perfect crops d) agricultural labourers

12. Which of the following statements with regard to 16th-17th century is/are correct?

- (1) Cultivators and their families also participated in the craft production such as dyeing, textile printing, baking and firing of pottery etc.
(2) Village artisans like potters, carpenters, barbers provided services for which they were compensated by villagers by a variety of means.
(3) In 18th century the village artisans were paid by "a small daily allowance and diet money".
a) 1&3 only b) 2&3 only c) 1&2 only d) 1,2&3

13. Match the following terms used in the 16th and 17th century with their meaning:

- | | |
|------------|---|
| A) Polaj | 1) land left out of cultivation for a time to recover its strength. |
| B) Parauti | 2) land uncultivated for 5 years and more. |
| C) Chachar | 3) land cultivated for each crop in succession. |
| D) Banjar | 4) land lain fallow for 3 or 4 years. |
- | | | | |
|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| ABCD | ABCD | ABCD | ABCD |
| a)1234 | b)1324 | c)3142 | d)3412 |

14. Which of the following statements about 'Sulh-i-Kulh' is/are correct?

- (1) Abul Fazl describes the idea of 'sulh-i-kulh' as the corner stone of enlightened rule.
(2) In 'Sulh-i-kulh' all religions and schools of thought had freedom of expression.
a) 1 only b) 2 only c) Both 1 and 2 d) Neither 1 nor 2



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15. Match the following

- | | |
|------------------|-----------------------------------|
| A) Diwan-i-ala | 1. Minister of grants |
| B) Sadr-us-sudur | 2. Incharge of revenue collection |
| C) Waqia Nawis | 3. Finance minister |
| D) Chaudhuri | 4. Court writers |
- ABCD ABCD
a)4231 c) 2413
b)3142 d) 1324

16. Who wrote the book SAFARNAMA

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|----------------|---------------------|
| a) Amir Khusro | b) Mir Hassan dalvi |
| c) Ibn Batuta | d) Humanyun |

17. Match the following

- | | |
|-------------|----------------------------|
| A. Khut | 1. Person who own the land |
| B. Muqaddam | 2. Silver coin |
| C. Tanka | 3. Copper coin |
| D. Birang | 4. Head of the village |
- ABCD ABCD
a) 1423 b) 4123
c) 1432 d) 4132

18. Who introduced "Chehra and Daag" system in Army

- | | |
|----------------------|-------------------|
| a) Jalaludin Khilji | b) Alaudin Khilji |
| c) Firoj shah Tuglaq | d) Akbar |

19. Which of the following statements about Lingayats is/are correct?

- (1) Lingayats believe that on death the devotees will meet Shiva.
(2) They do not practice funerary rites such as cremation. Instead they ceremonially bury their dead.
(3) They questioned the theory of re-birth.
(4) They did not believe in post-puberty marriage and widow remarriage.
- a) 1&2 only b) 1,2&3 only c) 2,3&4 only d) 1,2,3&4

20. The 'prem-akhyan' Padmavat was composed by

- | | |
|-------------------------------|-----------------------------|
| a) Malik Mohd. Jayasi | b) Sheikh Nizamuddin Auliya |
| c) Sheikh Abd'ul Kadir Jilani | d) Dargah Kuli Khan |

21. With regard to 'The Bazaar' in the Vijayanagara empire who among the following said, "overflowing with abundance of fruits, grapes and oranges, limes, pomegranates, jackfruit and mangoes and all very cheap".

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|--------------------|------------------|
| a) Fernao Nuniz | b) Paes |
| c) Colin Mackenzie | d) John Marshall |

22. Consider the following statements about language and script in the Asokan inscriptions:

- (1) Most Asokan inscription were in the Prakrit language while those in the north-west of the sub continent were in Aramaic and Greek.

(2) Most Prakrit inscriptions were written in the Brahmi script.

(3) Some of Prakrit inscriptions in the North west were written in Kharoshthi.

(4) The Aramaic and Greek scripts were used for inscriptions in Afghanistan.

Which of the above statements is/are correct?

- a) 2,3,4 only b) 1,2,3 only c) 1,3,4 only d) 1,2,3,4

23. Who were the Dhamma Mahamatta?

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|--|
| a) Peron who follow Dhamma |
| b) Special officer to spread the message of Dhamma |
| c) Priest |
| d) Peasants and Slaves |

24. Which of the following statements about Cholas (9th to 13th century) is/are correct?

- (1) They supported Brahmanical traditions.
(2) They made land grants and constructed temples for Vishnu and Shiva.
(3) They attempted to claim divine support and proclaim their own power and status by building splendid temples.
- a) 1&2 only b) 2&3 only c) 1&3 only d) 1,2&3

25. Which of the following about the temple architecture in Vijayanagara is not correct?

- a) The temples had a Mandapa with a raised platform for the seating of deity on special occasions.
b) The raya gopurams (royal gateways) have been a mark of imperial authority.
c) Krishnadeva Raya is credited for the construction of eastern gopuram.
d) All spaces in which the images of gods were placed were to witness special programmes of music, dance, drama, etc.

26. Who were the follower of Tauhid-i-illahi

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|--------------|------------|---------------|-----------------|
| 1) Abul Fazl | 2) Faizi | 3) Birbal | 4) Muzzafarkhan |
| a) only 1 | b) 2 and 4 | c) 1, 2 and 3 | d) 3 and 4 |

27. Find the correct Match the following

- | | |
|---------------------|---------------------------|
| A Diwan-i-kohi | 1) military department |
| B Diwan-i-Bandagoan | 2) Charitable Hospital |
| C Dar-ul-Shafa | 3) Slave department |
| D Diwan-i-Ariz | 4) Agriculture department |
- A B C D A B C D
a) 4 3 2 1 b) 3 4 2 1
c) 2 1 4 3 d) 1 2 4 3

